ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY CONSORTIUM (ATC)

CREDENTIALING PROCEDURES FOR LUNG BRACHYTHERAPY IMPLANT PROTOCOLS

Institutions wishing to enter patients onto ACOSOG-RTOG protocols that include permanent lung brachytherapy implants must be credentialed prior to participation in the study. Permanent lung implants require a team effort by the thoracic surgeon, radiation oncologist, and medical physicist. The procedures described below outline the credentialing requirements for the radiation oncologist and medical physicist. Credentialing of the thoracic surgeon is addressed in the protocol.

Note: If permanent lung implants are an option but are not required by the protocol and the institution chooses not to incorporate them in their plan of treatment, the credentialing procedures described below need not be completed.

RTOG and ACOSOG:

The treatment team is required to submit a Facillity Questionnaire and two reference cases. The first reference case is a dosimetric calculation for a single seed. The second reference case is a treatment plan to be performed following the instructions in the protocol using a post-implant CT scan to be downloaded from the ATC website (http://atc.wustl.edu/). The second reference case must be submitted digitally to the ITC.

Exemptions:

- 1. Completion of the first reference case will be waived if the treatment team is already credentialed for prostate implants using the model 6711 ¹²⁵I seeds and the treatment planning system has not changed.
- 2. Completion of the second reference case will be waived if the treatment team has participated in ACOSOG Z4032 and successfully submitted digitally one or more cases to QARC. If a different planning system is to be used, then the second reference case must be submitted as well.

RTOG and ACOSOG packages are to be submitted to:

Image Guided Therapy QA Center 4511 Forest Park Avenue, Suite 200 St. Louis, MO 63108 Phone: (314) 747-5415

Fax: (314) 747-5423 Email: itc@wustl.edu

Changing to a different treatment planning system requires re-credentialing, with resubmission of the reference cases.

Institutions will be expected to transmit the second reference case and all patient plans in digital form to the ITC. Instructions for digital submission are available at http://atc.wustl.edu/.

For questions regarding data transfer, please contact the ITC.

LUNG BRACHYTHERAPY QUESTIONNAIRE

l. Radiation Oncology Facility:		RTF #:	
Study Group:	RTOG#	ACOSOG #:	
Facility Name:			
Address:			
Is this Facility also known by other name	. ,		
PERSONNEL CONTACT INFORMATION			
A. Radiation Oncologist Responsible for Implant Pa	tients		
Name:		Phone:	
Address:		Fax:	
		E-mail:	
*			
D. Chair/Chi f. f. D. Haring On a Lan			
B. Chair/Chief of Radiation Oncology			
Name:		Phone:	
Address:		Fax:	
		E-mail:	
C. Physicist Responsible for Implant Patients			
• •			
Name:		Phone:	
Address:		Fax:	
		E-mail:	

D.	Dos	imetrist Responsible for Implant Patients
	Na	me: Phone:
		ess: Fax:
		E-mail:
E.	Dat	a Manager Responsible for Implant Patients
	Na	me: Phone:
		ess: Fax:
	100	
		E-mail:
II.	Ex	perience of personnel:
	A.	For the Radiation Oncologist named above
		How many intraoperative ¹²⁵ I lung implants following sublobar resection have you performed in the past
		6 months? 12 months? career total?
		What technique was used for ¹²⁵ I lung implants?
		Has this person been previously credentialed for ¹²⁵ I lung implants? No Yes date:
	В.	For the Physicist named above
		How many intraoperative ¹²⁵ I lung implants following sublobar resection have been evaluated with post implant CT in the past 6 months? 12 months? career total?
		What technique was used for ¹²⁵ I lung implants?
		Has this person been previously credentialed for ¹²⁵ I lung implants? No Yes date:
III.	Eq	uipment:
	Ро	st Implant Plan:
		Treatment planning system model and version:
		CT planning is performed? Yes No
		Can the study be exported as DICOM RT? Yes No
		What can be exported?
		Dose calculation matrix resolution is mm x mm. (should be ≤2mm x ≤2mm x axial slice width)
		Is a point source approximation used? Yes No anisotropy function anisotropy factors

ls a	a heterogeneity correction used? Yes No No If yes, explain the correction used:
	ality Assurance Procedures: (attach additional sheets if necessary) urce strength verification:
1.	Dosimetry system used for in-house verification of seed activity: Vendor: Model:
2.	How is the calibration of this system directly traceable to NIST? (Attach copies of ADCL certificates
4.	How frequently are these QA procedures performed?
5.	For the ¹²⁵ I seeds to be used, what is the NIST calibration date to which your chamber calibratio traceable?
6.	Describe your measurement technique for verifying seed strengths for individual patients.
7.	Number of seeds assayed per patient:% orseeds
Ω	What is your criterion for agreement with the vendor? +/-5% □. +/-7% □. +/-10% □.

Other	(exp	lain)
	9.	What seed strength is used for treatment planning? your own measurements vendor Other (explain)
B.		urce accounting: Are radiographs taken at the completion of the implant? Yes \(\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\
	2.	Describe procedures used to account for all seeds at the time of implant:
	3.	Describe procedures used to account for all seeds at the time of post implant planning:
	4.	Describe techniques used to identify seeds and avoid identifying the same seed on multiple CT slices:
	5.	What is the discrepancy limit for unaccounted seeds and what action do you take if the discrepancy exceeds the limit?

\mathbf{C}	Other	dosimetry	, and ΩΔ	procedures
U.	Other	uosiiieti v	anu QA	procedures

1.	Describe any calculations done at the time of commissioning to verify the accuracy of the computer
	generated treatment plan:

2.	Describe your method for ensuring that the dosimetric parameters you use are consistent with the
	NIST calibration of the source and your calculation method (point source approximation vs. line
	source):

3. Describe any other quality assurance procedures pertinent to these brachytherapy procedures: